IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA

THE RELIGIOUS SISTERS OF MERCY, et al.)
Plaintiffs)
v.) Case No. 3:16-cv-00386
ALEX M. AZAR, II, Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, <i>et al</i> .)))
Defendants)))
CATHOLIC BENEFITS ASSOCIATION, et al.,)
Plaintiffs)
v.) Case No. 3:16-cv-00432
ALEX M. AZAR, II, Secretary of the United States Department of Health and Human Services; UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES; Victoria Lipnic, Acting Chair of the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; and UNITED STATES EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY COMMISSION	
Defendants	

STATUS REPORT OF PLAINTIFFS THE CATHOLIC BENEFITS ASSOCIATION, DIOCESE OF FARGO, CATHOLIC CHARITIES NORTH DAKOTA, AND CATHOLIC MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

Plaintiffs in Case No. 3:16-cv-00432, namely, The Catholic Benefits Association, Diocese of Fargo, Catholic Charities North Dakota, and Catholic Medical Association (collectively "CBA Plaintiffs") hereby provide this status report to the Court.

CBA Plaintiffs' Status Report on August 5, 2020 discussed their RFRA and other claims

in this case, the *Franciscan Alliance* decision, the Supreme Court's decision in *Bostock*, and the Trump administration's recent rule (the "2020 Rule") repealing the Obama administration's prior rule (the "2016 Rule") which had defined "sex" in Section 1557 to encompass "gender identity" and "termination of pregnancy." The Status Report also highlighted five recent lawsuits against HHS challenging the 2020 Rule. Since August 5, two district courts have enjoined the 2020 Rule or aspects of it; their decisions are summarized below. One lawsuit, *Washington v. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services*, No. 20-cv-01105 (W.D. Wash.), was dismissed for lack of standing. Two others remain pending. *See Boston All. of Gay, Lesbian, Bisexual & Transgender Youth (BAGLY) v. U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs.*, No. 20-cv-11297 (D. Mass.); *New York v. U.S. Dep't of Health & Human Servs.*, No. 20-cv-5583 (S.D.N.Y.).

The district court in *Asapansa-Johnson Walker v. Azar*, No. 20-2834FBS-MG (E.D.N.Y.), concluded that the 2020 Rule is "contrary to *Bostock*" and that the repeal of the 2016 Rule was "contrary to law." ECF No. 23, at 2, 23 (Aug. 17, 2020). While acknowledging that a sister district court in *Franciscan Alliance* had vacated the 2016 Rule, the court in *Asapansa-Johnson Walker* purported to "sta[y] the repeal of the 2016 definition of discrimination on the basis of sex" and order that the prior rule's "definitions of 'on the basis of sex,' 'gender identity,' and 'sex stereotyping' . . . will remain in effect." *Id.* at 25. The court also "preliminarily enjoin[ed] the defendants from enforcing the repeal" of the 2016 Rule. *Id.*

The district court in *Whitman-Walker Clinic, Inc. v. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services*, No. 20-cv-01630 (D.D.C.), enjoined the 2020 Rule in part. Noting that the 2016 Rule prohibited discrimination on the basis of both "sex stereotyping" and "gender identity," and that *Franciscan Alliance* had vacated only (what the court called) the "gender identity' portion" of the 2016 Rule, ECF No. 55, at 30-31 (Sep. 2, 2020), the court enjoined the 2020 Rule to the extent that it "eliminated 'sex stereotyping' from the prior Rule's definition of

'discrimination on the basis of sex," id. at 2, 101. The court also held that it was erroneous for

HHS to interpret Section 1557 to include a religious exemption, id. at 66-67, and enjoined HHS

"from enforcing its incorporation of the religious exemption," id. at 101.

These decisions create significant legal uncertainty regarding the interpretation and

application of Section 1557. The court in Asapansa-Johnson Walker reinstated the substance of

the 2016 Rule despite vacatur of that rule in Franciscan Alliance. The court in Whitman Walker

Clinic invalidated the 2020 Rule's religious exemption but suggested that RFRA, among other

laws, may still offer protection for religious organizations. Relief under RFRA is, of course,

precisely what CBA Plaintiffs are seeking in this case, and the legal uncertainty created by these

decisions may heighten the need for it.

CBA Plaintiffs are still evaluating Asapansa-Johnson Walker and Whitman Walker Clinic

for whether and how they impact CBA Plaintiffs' claims, the vacatur order in Franciscan

Alliance, and the basis for a continued stay in this case. These recent decisions may necessitate

lifting the stay and resolving CBA Plaintiffs' claims, particularly their request for declaratory

and injunctive relief against interpretations of Section 1557 that would force them and their

members to provide or cover medical procedures in violation of their sincerely held religious

beliefs. Of note, too, is the fact that the court in Franciscan Alliance, while it vacated the 2016

Rule, denied an injunction to the plaintiffs there, and they have since appealed that decision,

seeking relief similar to what CBA Plaintiffs have sought here.

Given the unusual and uncertain state of the law on issues at the heart of this case, CBA

Plaintiffs request that the Court (i) set another status report deadline in 60 days but also (ii)

recognize that CBA Plaintiffs may, during that period, file a motion or other document apprising

the Court of their views on whether and how this case should proceed.

DATED: October 5, 2020.

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Respectfully submitted,

s/ Ian Speir

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I hereby certify that on October 5, 2020, I electronically filed a copy of the foregoing. Notice of this filing will be sent via email to all parties by operation of the Court's electronic filing system.

s/ Ian Speir
Ian Speir